SCHEDULE A.

(SEE SECTION 7.)

Form of license.

Name of owner	Registry number and description of boiler and age	Power	When and where made	When and where last repaired	Time for which this license is to be in force	Maximum pressure at which the boiler may be worked	Remarks

I, the undersigned, certify that I have examined the boiler above described, and, to the best of my judgment, it is in good condition, and is not so exposed as to be likely to be dangerous.

Inspector.

SCHEDULE B.

(SEE SECTION 24 (b).)

Maximum rates of fees leviable for examinations of boilers.

	Rs.
1. For the examination of each boiler not exceeding 10 horse-power nominal ...	15
2. For the examination of each boiler exceeding 10 but not exceeding 20 horse-power nominal ...	20
3. For the examination of each boiler exceeding 20 but not exceeding 30 horse-power nominal ...	30
4. For the examination of each boiler exceeding 30 but not exceeding 50 horse-power nominal ...	40
5. For the examination of each boiler exceeding 50 horse-power nominal ...	50

M. KANTARAJ URS,

Dewan.

REGULATION NO. IV OF 1920.

A Regulation to provide for the regulation of traffic and preservation of the surface of public roads and places in Mysore.

(Received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja on the 29th day of April 1920.)

Whereas it is expedient to provide for the regulation of traffic and the preservation of the surface of public roads and places in Mysore, His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows :—

Short title, extent and commencement.

1. (1) This Regulation may be called the Mysore Highway Regulation, 1920.

(2) It shall extend to the whole of Mysore, and

(3) It shall come into force in such local areas and from such dates as Government may by notification in the Gazette direct.

Definition.

2. In this Regulation, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context.

(1) "Public roads" shall include all roads, bridges, carriageways, causeways, footways, bridleways,

(*a*) over which the public have a right of way, or

(*b*) heretofore maintained out of public funds, or

(*c*) which are declared public roads by the provision of any law for the time being in force,

but not vested in any local authority, and

(2) "Places", includes vehicle stands, embankments, or ramps, camps or refuges forming approaches to public roads, not vested in any local authority.

Power to make rules.

3. (1) Government may make rules for the regulation of traffic on public roads and places and for the preservation of the surface of such roads and places.

(2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may contain directions as to all or any of the following matters, namely :—

(*a*) prohibiting or restricting the use of vehicles of any particular class or description considered likely to cause damage or excessive wear to the surface of the road or to drop materials or obstructions thereon and in particular, where a berm or side-track is provided confining such vehicles to the berm or side-track during the dry season ;

(*b*) prohibiting or restricting the use of vehicles not provided with brakes of such character as may be required by the rules ;

(*c*) prohibiting or restricting the use of vehicles or animals which are of such a nature or in such a condition as to be likely to cause annoyance, inconvenience or danger to the public ;

(*d*) providing for the granting of licenses to drive vehicles of any particular class or description, the fees chargeable in respect of such licenses and the authority by which and the conditions upon which such licenses may be granted, suspended and revoked ;

(*e*) prohibiting the driving of any such vehicles by unlicensed persons ;

(*f*) prohibiting the leaving of vehicles or animals unattended or in the charge of incompetent persons ;

(*g*) the speed at which vehicles or animals may be driven or ridden ;

(*h*) the rule of the road ;

(*i*) the registration of vehicles plying for hire, the fees chargeable in respect of such registration and the carrying of number or name plates on vehicles so registered ;

(*j*) prohibiting the driving or riding of vehicles or animals on footways or other places where their use may be attended with danger to the public ;

(*k*) prohibiting the halting of vehicles or animals at places other than the proper camps or refuges ;

(*l*) the carrying and use on vehicles and animals of a bell or other instrument for giving audible and sufficient warning of their approach or position ;

(*m*) the carrying of lights on vehicles between sunset and sunrise and the description of lights to be carried and the position in which they should be placed ;

(*n*) the stoppage of vehicles or animals when required by the Police for the regulation of traffic or for other reasonable purpose ;

(*o*) the maximum weight or the number of passengers to be carried on each description of vehicle or animal ;

(*p*) empowering specified officers to issue notices requiring owners or occupiers of land—

(i) to lop the branches of any trees growing on such land and overhanging the road so as to cause obstruction or danger : and

(ii) to cut or trim any hedges or noxious vegetation, growing on such land which may be considered likely to intercept a view of approaching traffic on the road, or on any side road or other approach thereto ; and

(iii) to remove from the road any branches, trimmings and vegetation lopped or cut by such owners or occupiers ;

(*q*) imposing on such owners or occupiers of land the duty to comply with such notices within a reasonable time and authorising such officers to lop, cut or trim such trees, hedges and vegetation in case of default;

(*r*) and generally the prevention of obstruction to traffic, preservation of road surface and of annoyance, danger or injury to the public.

(3) All rules made under this section shall be made after previous publication, and when made shall be finally published in the Gazette, and shall come into operation from the date of such final publication.

Penalties.

4. Any breach of any rule made under this Regulation may, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees or in the case of a second or subsequent conviction to two hundred rupees. All such fines shall be recovered in the manner prescribed in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904.

Arrest of offenders before warrant.

5. (1) Any police officer or any other officer appointed by the Government in this behalf may, without an order from a Magistrate and without a warrant, arrest any person committing in his view a breach of any rule made under Section 3, if he refuses on demand of such officer to give his name and residence, or gives a name or residence which such officer has reason to believe to be false, or, if, not being a resident of Mysore, he fails to furnish sufficient security for his appearance when required.

(2) When any such arrest has been made the provisions of section 57, sub-sections (2) and (3) and sections 60 to 63, 66, and 67 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, shall apply.

M. KANTARAJ URS,
Dewan of Mysore.

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